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Combat & Healing

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He Who Fights

Side Effects of Dim-Mak

Spiritual Tai Chi

Street Self Defence

Reiki

PLUS

WTBA NEWS



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Difficult Taijiquan

By Erle Montaigue

Each morning while I am practicing my form several times, things pop into my mind. Things of great relevance to one's practice and which I am passionate to pass on to others so that they too will feel and gain the great benefits that I have gained and am still gaining.

However, once finished my forms, that idea has either been lost or it has been placed by my logical mind into a completely logical set of ideas that bears little or no significance to the original reflex idea.

Some mornings however, the idea is so strong that it sticks with me until the end and I am able to put it all into logical words that do not lose the orig inal es sence of the thought. This morning was one of those times, so without even picking up my gui tar and playing, with out even eating or talking to any one, I am now putting into words some information that I hope will be use ful to ev ery one. By the way, we are now in our new home in the 'freezer'! And it is so wonder ful to per form a set of movements without ending up a lather of sweat! Only the fin gertips drip drop af ter each ses sion as we have little humidity and

the temperature this morning was 2 de grees c.

Most peo ple have heard me saying that Taijiquan must be dif ficult; if it is not diffi cult then you are not doing Taijiquan! It was made dif fi cult and must re main difficult for ever, no matter how hard or for how long you train, or how experienced you are. I have had 'sifus' come up to me and say that they really know their Taijiquan so well that it is no longer difficult, I have now given up try ing to tell them that they are no longer doing Taijiquan! It's the same as yesterday while walking in the street with my family, three young girls approached me to pur chase for them cig a rettes!

There are two reasons that Taijiquan is made difficult. A physical reason and an internal reason. The internal reason is probably the most difficult of all.

Cigarettes are illegal for people un der 18. So I gave them a very friendly lecture, using some street lan guage that they would understand, telling them about some girl friends of mine in my youth who were the most beautiful young things that one would ever find, only to grow into old women who looked 60 or 70 when they are only in their

40's! Then I go on to tell them how it affects the liver and how the liver con trols the skin and there fore it is the skin that is greatly damaged. So they will look like a prune at age 25! The answer was that they would get some skin cream and would I buy the cig a rettes for them any way! I guess I was the same at age 17, totally invincible and would not listen to anyone.

There are two reasons that Taijiquan is made difficult. A physical reason and an internal reason. The internal reason is probably the most difficult of all.

The physical reason is one that I usually tell people; it is physically difficult because the old ge nius mas ters who in vented all of this stuff, built into each movement a way of activating each acupuncture meridian in the body by a series of gentle stretches and twists. The 'heat' (Qi) is generated by the lowering of the legs to cause heat to build up in the cal dron (tantien), then the rest of the body di rects that Qi to all parts by the twists and turns and stretches that we must per form. It does this by the automatic reflex action of the body, which sends Qi to any part of the body that needs Qi at any time. However, this activation must be done (in Taijiquan) in exactly the man ner as it is ac tivated in a 24-hour period naturally when we per form the form CORRECTLY. So each movement was worked on and tested, then added to the form over hundreds of years. So when I see peo ple walk ing through a set of movements with no twists, no stretching, no yin and yang of hands, feet, legs torso, shoulders, knees etc, I know that they do not know, nor are they performing Taijiquan. However, I have stopped giving lectures to other than cap tured au di ences as I have been verbally abused on many occasions for interfering with what their 'sifu' (what a stupid word, it's OK in China, but not for westerners!) had taught them.

The main physical difficulty that most peo ple get wrong is the interaction between waist and hips.

The main physical difficulty that most peo ple get wrong is the interaction between waist and hips. You will see it all the time, when some one per forms the form and the waist is doing exactly the same things as the hips, there is no move ment between waist and hips. This activation between hips and waist gives you the necessary stretch in the torso and whole upper body to generate Qi in that area. All internal organs are activated and healed because of this in ter ac tion of yin and yang between waist and hips. Hence the rea son for the 'opening' and 'closing' movements of the 2nd level of Yang

Lu-ch'an form. We per form this form larger because we are learning about the waist and hips and how they differ. It should not stay that way for ever as the form will change the back to a smaller frame so that eventually the large twists and turns are hardly no tice able; how ever, they are still there.

Lifting the foot for in stance during the set of pos tures known as 'Wave Hands Like Clouds' is one per fect ex ample of a phys ically difficult movement. The foot must be lifted, heel and toe in perfect har mony, leaving the ground at ex actly the same time. This makes it difficult because you are forced to use your whole abdominal area to lift the foot with out first lift ing the heel thus making it easier. It is quite difficult to lift the foot in this man ner especially when you are lifting the right foot after the large step to the left.



Number 1

Photo No. 1 shows this step done incorrectly by lifting the heel slightly first. This is how most people, even so-called great mas ters, will do it.



Number 2

Photo No. 2 shows the correct and difficult way to do this step. Another step such as this is when we per form the 'step back and repulse monkey, normal' step. The front foot must be lifted, heel and toe together. **Photo No. 3** shows how it is nor mally done in correctly while Photo No. 4 shows how it is done correctly. Another difficult step is at the end of each third of the form when we have to squat down and then lift the left leg to bring it up to shoul der width (from double shoulder width). The left foot must be lifted heel and toe to gether and this is difficult. Photo No. 5 shows the incorrect way to do

this by lift ing the heel first thus making it easier while **Photo No. 6** shows the correct and more difficult way.

that we can squat straight down by simply turning the rear foot back by 90 degrees only once. This longer posture in itself is difficult to get into when done So there is much more to performing Taijiquan correctly than meets the eye. Unfortunately most people only ever get to per formTaijiquan in correctly







Number 4



Number 5

'Snake Creeps' down is an other movement that is difficult. How ever, this one is usu ally difficult for most people even cheating the move by shuffling the rear foot backwards rather than tak ing a much lon ger step (sin gle whip step) to be gin with. **Photo No. 7** shows the initial stance for single whip done incorrectly as a normal 'bow' stance. You cannot squat straight down from this pos ture as your legs are too close together so you have to either shuf fle back ward with your rear foot or even worse slip your front foot for ward in or der to get the necessary stretch for this posture. Photo No. 8 shows the correct single whip posture so

cor rectly, causing you to have to hold your bal ance on one leg for much longer and causing great stretching of the lower 'kua' (groin area). Most people will perform this posture the easy way as in Photo No. 9 by swinging the left foot around and placing it on the ground before the rest of the body turns. Then it is relatively easier to change the weight onto it and then turn the body to the West. How ever, you will see that we do it in a to tally different way in order to make it difficult. We have to stand on the right leg and turn the torso al most to the West with the left leg off the ground, only then do we stretch the leg and place it down slowly! Photo No. 10 and 11 shows this way of stepping.

and so lose all of the great healing benefits that this won der ful set of move ments can give.

The Internal Way

The internal way of making things difficult is even more diffi cult both to per form and to explain; how ever, I will at tempt to ex plain it. Most peo ple, well our students anyway, know that Taijiquan is indeed the highest level of Qigong. I see other Taijiquan schools teaching the 'Flying duck Qigong', the 'shitting dog' Qigong, the 'Flapping Goose' Qigong, the 'EagleQigong', the '8 Bro cade' Qigong etc. etc. It would seem that newer and more exotic ways of Qigong are being invented every month! If they







Number 7 Number 8

were doing real Taijiquan they would know that all they would ever need would be basic 3 circle standing qigong and the Taijiquan form itself! And the only rea son that we have the basic 3 Cir cle Standing Qigong is



Num ber 9

be cause in the be gin ning it is almost impossible to perform Taijiquan as a per fect Qigong as we have to learn the move ments first. So the 3 Circle Qigong takes the place of what we are not get ting from our Taijiquan at a ba sic level un til we work our way up to do ing it at a very advanced 'Qigong' level.



Number 10

So why is it so difficult. Most peo ple know how dif fi cult simple Standing Qigong is, especially in the beginning. It is mainly the mental process that is difficult once the physical thing of having to stand with bent knees for 20 minutes. (Photo No. 12 shows the 3 Cir-



Number 11

cle Qigong). So how much more difficult is it to then have to move, tak ing steps and moving the arms while still trying to main tain a 'no-mind' state? This is very difficult indeed. However, in order to enjoy real Taijiquan, this must be achieved. Totally 'sung' (relaxation) of the up per body in particular is essential during the whole of the 20 or 40 min utes of practice. And even more im portant is the 'sung' of the hands.

When Taijiquan is performed cor rectly. You can not even feel your hands or know that they are there! You will feel (without think ing about it) a swelling and ebbing of Qi within the body, rising up the back and then subsiding again as you move your arms up and down. Your eyes will not stare, but will not look at anything either. It's as if you are asleep while walking. You must be aware at all times that your hands are not moving at all, they are being moved by Qi and the rest of the body. As soon as this Qigong state is broken, you must get back into it as soon as possible so that the link is not broken. You will feel your backbone straight en ing out and elon gatingauto matically, you will feel your waist and hips moving in harmony against each other, your breathing will become natural and deep as if you are taking in so much more oxygen with each breath. You will not even notice that you are step ping, as your legs will take care of them selves. And this is the way it is with Taijiquan. The legs hold you up like great pillars; never a thought is given to the legs and feet as they have been trained to step correctly and to hold you up. We never think about the things that hold our walls of our house up do we. We might think about the windows and doors etc.. but the most impor tant thing is what holds the whole house up and we never think about it be cause there is no reason to. It is the same with our legs; we do not have to think about them.

Once you have learnt each movement and know exactly how to per form them, each posture will change slightly to emulate what the internal Qi is doing. You will feel this. The biggest mistake that most students make is that they per form the form exactly the way that they were taught by their 'sifu'. This is HIS or HER way of do-



Number 12

ing form, not yours! All a teacher can ever do is to teach you the very basic building blocks exactly the way that it was invented. Then he or she should allow you to see what their form looks like at an advanced level so that you will have some idea of what to strive for later. How ever, it should also be pointed out that you would gain your OWN form, one that will be different to every other person because you are different! The Qi move ment will dictate to you exactly how you should perform your form and you will only ever feel this once you are able to perform the whole form as a Qigong, the high est Qigong ever in vented in fact. And this is dif fi cult!

I am often asked what to do when the space that one has to perform his or her Taijiquan is not quite large enough. Now that I am in a much colder climate I am also dis cov er ing this. No way that I am going out in the freezing sub-zero, ice or snow on the ground, temperatures to practice, although I remember holding a work shop in Canberra many years ago with my old friend Jim Marincic who would take great joy in taking his stu dents down to the lake in minus 8 degrees to train! No-one was complaining though as we were all trying to be macho! Although I have always known how to get around it as I have experimented with smaller spaces so that I would now what to tell people.

The classics tell us that we can per form the form in a one metre square space. This is B.S! However, it is possible to perform form in a small area. I have just preformed my own form in a space that is about 1.5 metres width by 2.5 metres length. We still have not made a training space in the house. I was thinking of using our huge 'man sized' shed up the back for training as we used to in the trop ics. How ever. I think that in side that tin shed is actually colder than the temper a ture out side!

So when you are coming to a wall, you will simply adjust your stepping so that you will not run into the wall. Per haps a side step or a cross step or a couple of steps back ward in stead of forward. These must of course be done in the same slow and 'sung' way that the rest of the movement is done so as not to lose the es sence and 'mo ment'. Even tually, you will get to know

your own room and more importantly you will get to sense what is around you so that no mat ter where you are, your body will simply adjust to the new area au to matically, you will not have to think about it so that you are able to maintain the 'sung' state for the whole form. Wave Hand Like Clouds is the posture where most peo ple get into difficult in a smaller space as it takes you a larger distance to your left each time. So you simply get into the habit of wither do ing that group of postures in a circle so that you have only moves one step to the left, or you do the postures to the left AND to the right during each ses sion. This will have no effect upon the Qi activation but will get you out of trouble as far as space is concerned.

Wave Hand Like Clouds

This set of pos tures is the most difficult to fit into a smaller



Number 14

space. So here's how. We be gin from Single Whip. Photo No. **13**. Go into the first pos ture; by turn ing your left toes 90 de grees to your right weighted and inhale. As you do this, your left palm will move to about chin height as your right will move under it as shown in **Photo No.** 14. Notice that the waist and hips are not the same! Do the first hand move ment (as in Yang Lu-ch'an's form, last version) and take the step behind your left foot. Ex hale. Photo No. 15. Now, if you are get ting close to that wall, rather than stepping the left foot a dou ble step to the left, you will now take the right foot back to where it was by a double step. In hale. Photo No. 16. Now you can take that right foot again to be hind the left foot lift ing the heel and toe to gether and you have not moves to the left. You can do this for the whole 4 steps of the pos ture until you come back onto Single Whip. This will save space and you have not lost any postures.



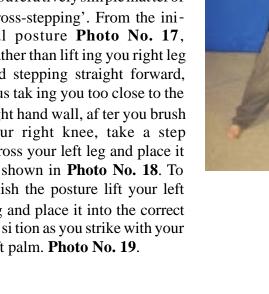
Number 15



Number 13

Brush Knee & Twist Step

If you are having difficulty com ing too close to a wall sideways during this set of postures, it is a relatively simple matter of 'cross-stepping'. From the initial posture Photo No. 17, Rather than lift ing you right leg and stepping straight forward, thus tak ing you too close to the right hand wall, af ter you brush your right knee, take a step across your left leg and place it as shown in Photo No. 18. To finish the posture lift your left leg and place it into the correct po si tion as you strike with your left palm. Photo No. 19.







You can see from the above that it is rel a tively easy to ma neu ver your body cor rectly with out losing the 'sing' state or Qi flow in order to get out of the way of walls and fur ni ture. You should experiment with those postures that you are having difficulty with. Just re mem ber to keep the move ment in context rather than just stop ping and moving out of the way, then resuming, as this will have a det rimental effect.



Number 18



Number 19

He who fights

Dy James Readman UK

'He who fights with mon sters should look to it that he himself does not

become a monster'

■ will always remember where I first heard this fa mous quote, it seems to ring true now more than ever to mar tial artists in today's society. We live in the mid dle of some very dangerous times. In the last few months there have been reports of some vicious beatings, knife attacks and murders.

Like I said, we live in a dangerous world. We have to be gin to ask our selves will our barehanded methods of self defense protect us? The chances are increasing that we will not be confronted with just the fists of a gang of yobs but the sharp and shinny blades which they carry.

Now we don't carry weap ons, because we obey the law. Because of this the majority of weapon defenses will be barehanded against a knife. We've all heard how Erle himself has three scars on his body from encounters with knives. In his words, 'The first two represent my han dling a knife attack the wrong way, while

the third scar rep re sents my almost get ting it right!' If a man with skills such as Erle's can still come out of an en coun ter wounded how will the rest of us fair?

So what is the answer? I believe that it will be a very long time before guns are gone from our streets (after the tragic murder of two young women in the UK earlier this year a 'gun amnesty' was hosted by po lice in which people were able to hand in weapons they might posses free of prosecution.

Now this might not be such a big issue to advanced students of the WTBA. but beginners like myself are far more at risk by not being 100% sure how we would react in that situation.

Over one thousand were handed in in Eastern regions alone. at least this shows that people are trying to reform, but it also gives some indication of the weapons which were around before and the amount which probably still fill the streets) But knives are something which will never go. As long as someone can buy a simple kitchen knife there will always be the risk that the man who is cor ner ing you as you walk home, yell ing abuse at you and making crude remarks toward your partner has a small blade con cealed on him some where.

This seems to be what the world has come to in some places. So what will it come to in the end? Will we all end up afraid to leave our homes if we live anywhere near a big city? will all our training come to nothing in the face of fear caused by a small piece of metal. All we are, all we have learnt and all we could one day become extinguished by 6 inches of metal.

Now this might not be such a big is sue to ad vanced stu dents of the WTBA, but beginners like my self are far more at risk by not being 100% sure how we would react in that situation. Now obviously I'm not blaming any one but my self for this. I should train harder in these ar eas than I do. but if I were ever faced with a knife in the street would I remember what I had learnt? would I go overkill (or worse, for me at least, under-kill) not knowing when to stop? all these are worries which spring to mind when considering the intricacies of knife survival.

So what's the alternative? What if it was legal for people to carry weapons for the purpose of self defense from others who do? what if it was le gal for me to carry deer horn knives in public, or for a friend to carry a wakizashi? it would certainly even the odds when it came to a confrontation between my self and a guy with a knife who wasn't just out to rob me.

'He who fights with monsters should look to it that he himself does not become a monster'

But what would we be doing to the world? After all 'He who fights with monsters should look to it that he himself does not become a monster' I'm not say ing we should start carrying weapons to defend our selves, in fact I think that's the worst possible outcome of this violent society.

I would hope, with all my heart ,that it will never come to this, that one day we could live without the threat of violence, that the violent would always be arrested and convicted and the in no cent would always be protected.

But when you de fend your life (at the risk of tak ing theirs) are you still in no cent? I think that goes beyond the scope of this article (and the scope of my brain!)

I will sum up by saying this. The world is in deed be coming a seemingly more violent place. We must do all that is within our power never to add to this.

We must de fend our selves, the peo ple we know and love, but we must never create violence where no vi o lence needs to be. The temptation to carry a weapon to protect our selves has prob a bly ap peared in a lot of minds, but surely this is not the answer. In the (hopefully, un less its your job) rare occasions in which we deal with monsters, we must try never to become one ourselves.

Thanks for reading

NEW VIDEO TITLES FROM MOONTAGU

MTG243 Advanced Knife Fighting Volume Two

On this ti tle, Erle shows and teaches the next two forms in the ad vanced knife fight ing meth ods, those of "Bending Form" and "Fast Foot work Form". These two forms were taught at Erle's re cent In terna tional work shop in Aus tra lia and all were in awe of the grace ful move ment and deadly ap pli cation that these forms give. They also allow your brain to push out a balanced level of 'Fight or Flight' hor mones/chem i cals into the body so that the cor rect one will be chosen in any given sit u a tion etc. So if it's fight you must, then you will fight with the great est amount of en ergy and ag gres sion etc. Some very in ter esting tech niques are shown within each of these forms.

MTG244 Taijiquan's 'Waving Form'.

This is the form that is said to be the clos est em u la tion of the in ternal flow of Qi in the body. It is not a new form but rather a 'way' of per form ing the forms that you al ready know. It is im por tant to see some one do ing this form as that is the only way to learn it. You take it into your sub-con scious and slowly over the years it grows un til one day you are do ing Wav ing Form. This could be called the high est level of H'ao chuan. Erle taught it at his lat est work shop in Aus tra lia and the way he taught it, ev ery one was able to grasp the con cepts rel atively eas ily even though it will not grow within them for a cou ple of

years.
This form is the high est bal anc ing of Yin and Yang in the body and also teaches us how to fight with out think ing about it. It is s truly beautiful form!

MTG245 The Formal Day to Day Training of the Montaigue Children V. 8

Carries on from V. 7. In clud ing YLC form up to and in clud ing Wave Hands Like clouds

MTG246: Advanced Knife Volume 3.

On this vol ume, Erle teaches the next two ad vanced knife fight ing forms of "Re verse Knife" and "Quickly Moving Hands" form. The re verse knife form teaches excellent co-or dination and foot work and tim ing while the Quickly Moving form teaches the use of the knife and hands against many attack ers, also relying upon ex cellent foot work. Both are ex cellent for health work ing upon acu punc ture me rid i ans and gen er ally ton ing the whole body.

Long Term Side Effects of Dim Mak Strikes

by Paul Brecher The Senior London Instructor for Erle Montaigue's World Tai Chi Boxing AssociationLondon England

 $oldsymbol{1}$ am a martial artist and a medical practitioner so I am writing this article so that people who are interested in the use of dim mak within their mar tial arts train ing are aware of the some of the occasional possible side effects of being hit with a dim mak strike.

It is my recommendation that you don't ever vol un teer to be a person who dim mak is going to be dem on strated on.

I never knock my stu dents out and always make it clear that dim mak is only to be used for defeating opponents who attack you, it is not for any other reason.

If a strike is a dim mak strike it usu ally means that the strike is landed on an acupuncture point. The points that are selected are be cause they are on top of partic u larly weak or vulner a ble parts of the body.

Or that by striking a particular part of the body that it self may not be vulnerable it will non

the less ini ti ate a pro cess ei ther through the acu punc ture meridian system or through the ner vous sys tem that will cause a weakening of some part of the body enough to cause knock out, collapse, paralysis or death.

If a per son is hit in the head, it does not matter which acupuncture point was hit or whether KO occurred, there will be slight brain damage. This damage is most clearly no tice able in peo ple who practice boxing. The effects are not noticeable when people are young, they be lieve that there is nothing wrong and that every thing is fine.

If a per son is hit in the head, it does not matter which acupuncture point was hit or whether KO occurred. there will be slight brain damage

However the effects begin to emerge as the years go by and peo ple de velop what is known as symptoms of being punch drunk. In extreme cases there are more severe symptoms similar to Parkinson's disease, shaking of the hands and an inabil ity to con trol the limbs.

If a dim mak strike does cause knock out (whether it was through a blow to the head or not) the sudden blood pressure drop de prives the brain of oxygen enriched blood for a period of time. This damages the abil ity of the brain to function properly.

We can see the effects of this when we watch a person get knocked out.

As they go into knock out they loose their vision, they loose power in their legs and arms. They loose their bal ance and whilst unconscious they loose their memory. It is also pos si ble to see a tremor of the body occurring as they fade into unconsciousness. (Some slip into a coma for a few days or weeks and then re gain consciousness, some never regain con scious ness and stay in a coma till they die which could be in a few hours, days or weeks later, or not for many years.) The healing ability of a young person may be sufficient to heal the brain dam age but maybe not.

Peo ple who al low them to be repeatedly knocked out increase the chances of im me diserious problems occurring. They are also increasing the cumulative long term damage explained previously.

If the dim mak strike was to a point that is on a major nerve then the knock out, col lapse or temporary or permanent paralysis that occurs is due to damage to the ner vous system.

Again if a per son has ex cel lent self healing ability then the damage to the ner vous system will be healed by the body itself. Some times the body is not able to do this and there is per ma nent damage to the nervous systeme i ther on the location of the strike or to the nervous system in general or both.

Again if a person has excellent self healing ability then the damage to the nervous system will be healed by the body itself.

The damage could be permanent pain with occasional involuntary spasms or it could be an in ability to have fine motor movement of a limb or it could be limb weakness or if the nerve damage is very serious then there could be muscle wasting and atrophy of the limb.

There are also some other long term effects of ner vous sys tem damage, like an increased sense of ner vous ness or un easiness and reduction in reflex response time and hands eye coordination.

People who have been knocked out also often develop a susceptibility to being knocked out more easily in the future. With out a doubt the body is always made weaker by being knocked out; certainly it is never made stron ger from the experience.

I could say a lot more about the long term effects of dim mak strikes but I feel I have said enough to clearly make the point that dim mak strikes are de signed to cause dam age. They do achieve this and to there fore volunteer to be hit is the same as saying that you volunteer to be knowingly dam aged.

If you would like more information on Paul's classes in London please call Paul on 020 8264 8074 or visit www.taiji.net

A New Video By Jennifer Press.

JP1: The Eight Secret Treasures Qigong

The Eight Secret Treasures from China are a set of eight excellent simple but effective Qigong methods for getting the body ready to heal itself. They are used as a forerunner to learning Taijiquan and other Qigong methods in China. Es pe cially for stark beginners and older people, these make an excellent start into one's internal martial/healing training.

Jennifer Press has been training in the Internal Healing arts since 1972 and has studied in China, Taiwan, India and the UK.

In Australia it is available through JP World: jpworld@norex.com.au

In the UK, through www.kunzhi.com

In the Usa through www.taichiamerica.com

DEER HORN KNIVES & WTBA TAUI FARM JUMPERS NOW AVAILABLE

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Please con tact Mause Eaglen at wtba@norex.com.au for fur ther de tails or write to her at: Po Box 22, Uki NSW 2484, Aus tra lia. Or you could Phone on + 61 (0) 2 6679 7015

Once Moontagu Books moves to the UK in November 2003, WTBA Australia will take over the sell ing of Erle Montaigue's video and VCD titles as post age from the UK to Australia is huge! Email: wtba@norex.com.au



taiji Farm WTBA Aus tra lia Jumper, all colours, all styles avail able



Patch on pocket of jumpers, all different col ors with any colour backgro8und

Spiritual Taiji

Ron Beier WTBA Ger many

few months ago a woman whom I had never seen before entered one of my "beginner phase 2" classes, those classes where the few hapless students who have sur vived my introductory classes and decided to put up with my jokes for another semester try to learn the sec ond part of Yang Cheng-Fu's form. She introduced herself and said that she had attended taiji classes near here, run by a man whose name I was n't familiar with. Master so and so. Master of what? Master of Reiki, Qigong and Taiji she said. This dear woman had decided that she wanted to try to follow my class even if the taiii I was teaching was somewhat different from what she had learned. Why? I asked, thinking smugly that my fame as a teacher had finally begun to spread. Because my classes were nearer her home she said. She would n't have to drive so far. So much for the spread of my good name. What had she learned, I asked. Peking 24 she said. OK, I said, the basic principles of taiji apply to whatever style is practiced, so why not just see how things go.

She was able to follow reason ably well and did seem to have integrated some of the basic movement principles, though there wasn't much precision in her form. Afterwards I asked her how she felt and she told me. well. it was different from what she was used to. I asked her, differ ent in what way? Well, she said, many of the move ments were different of course, but most of all the classes she had attended were more spiritual.

I was taken aback for a moment and could n't think of any thing to re ply. What did she mean, more spir i tual?

I was taken aback for a moment and couldn't think of anything to reply. What did she mean, more spiritual? For a whole week I bounced ideas off the inner walls of skull, hearing them re ver berate, knocking the wax out of my ears. I looked up the source of the word and found something about the Latin roots meaning "of breathing or air". Well, I certainly continue to breathe while practicing taiji. On some days I may breathe very little and very slowly while practicing, but this thought did n't get me any fur ther. I de cided I would ask my student to elaborate

when next she put herself at my mercy.

"What did you mean, your former classes were 'more spiritual'?" She had come a little early and I used the opportunity to ask before the other students arrived.

"Well, we always meditated for ten min utes be fore we began. And then we watched our breath ing for ten min utes or so. Some times we walked around slowly holding round stones to try and feel the qi. And we spent a lot of time at first just holding the qi-ball between our hands and trying to feel it ex pand and contract. And there were always candles lit. He (her former teacher) talked alot about our as tral bodies and we spent a fair bit of time just sens ing the au ras around our bod ies and around those of the others while we walked around slowly with our eyes closed." I was speech less. This is fortunately some times mis interpreted as the si lence of deep wisdom.

I asked my wife that eve ning, af ter class, whether she felt I was leaving out a whole big important part of Taijiquan in my classes and I repeated what my new student had said. She looked at me with that sideways glance which means: what kind of crap are

you trying to pull now? I repeated what my new student had said. "Maybe I should do more of that kind of thing in my lessons. What do you think?"

"Are you off your rocker? One of the rea sons stu dents keep coming back to you is because you don't do that sort of thing. Why would you start now? Forget it. Your classes are fine." With that she turned back to her eques trian magazine, for her the case was closed.

Still, the idea that I was not giving my students everything they were en titled to get gnawed at me. The idea that I was possibly missing a whole big aspect of taiji that others had tapped into galled. I be gan to con sider if and how I should approach this whole business of "spirituality". And what was it really? What did it have to do with can dles and qi balls?

I remembered when I first learned to med i tate in a "spiri tual re treat" al most three decades ago, in the heart of the death throes of the flower power era. In a very heterogenous group it was easy to see which of the wannabe gurus considered himself more spiritual than the rest of us: be tween med itations the halls would be graced by these creatures walking with half-closed eyes, slow premeditated pace, hands often folded in

front of their chests undulating like a jellyfish in pee-warm water. One other fellow-sufferer who had only joined the course to impress his future girlfriend labeled them "bliss nin nies". The extreme cases were referred to as "space cadets".

this same species of creature sometimes showed up at certain taiji workshops and gatherings.

For some reason I kept on meditating but I did stop attending retreats, only to find many years later that this same species of creature sometimes showed up at certain taiji workshops and gatherings. I was again confronted with the question of my own approach to this thing called "spirituality" and my own lack of manifest signs of such as I had seen them in others. And now, after years and years of meditation, practice of internal arts, searching, contemplation, reading, introspection and frequent, heartfelt expectorations and expletives, I had some one telling me that my classes weren't spiritual. Ah, the pain of it; my vanity was sorely injured.

My journey to this point had taken me through and around many experiences, realizations and seeming epiphanies. I realized with a start that I had long ago given up looking for any of these

things, had given up searching for spirituality. Why? Be cause I had come to feel that, by its very nature, the spirit of things is man i fest in everything we do. Like the polar forces yin and yang, where there is materiality there must also be spiritual ity. We can't invoke it or create it, we just have to pre pare ourselves to become aware

I'd come to believe that one of our pur poses here is to refine our own awareness using whatever vehicle or tool we are given, so that we may increasingly clear the dark glass clouding our perceptions. The more we do this, the less we work against our selves, or rather against our Selves. For the more I see. the more I am aware that my Self extends far beyond and below this small localization of experience, this receptor of sensory signals I had come to re gard as "my self". I am climb ing a moun tain, and each time I turn around to look, the world is big ger, I am smaller, the air is cleaner and more rarified. Taking the view is easy, it is the climbing which re quires dis cipline and strength ening of the material tools we have at hand, our bodies and minds. I will never get a broader view by concentrating on my powers of vision: I have to concentrate on my powers to climb and the eyes which I already have will be enough to grant me the vision. The view, the

knowledge, the spiritual vision is a byproductavailable to us at any time; we need only put our selves into a position to take advantage of it.

It seems to me futile or at best inefficient to approach spirituality by pretending or wishing to be spiritual. I'm not likely to be come rich by walking around pretending to have money or even worse, printing my own. Instead I have to expend my efforts on cre at ing the conditions which allow for income, either through hard work (not very likely) or acquiring power over oth ers (the most se cure source); the money comes then of itself. In the same way, I have to cre ate the conditions nec es sary to the sustenance of that inherent awareness of even the finer workings of the manifest and unmanifest energies around me, I have to refine the vessel which is to carry the awareness so that it doesn't dissipate; the awareness itself already exists, it often just doesn't have a vessel fine enough to hold it.

I cannot teach anyone to be aware, but I can show someone a set of movements which can, if used properly and conscientiously, guide her or him to a somewhat more refined awareness. I can't "be spiritual" or show anyone else how to be spiritual, but I can constantly strive to refine the exploration of movement I refer to as

taiji or Qigong so that in pacing my aware ness to the ever finer tuning of movement within, I am graced with a conjunctive awareness of that which I still perceive as being without. In following my example, others might find the same. True to the principles of polarity we all know and cher ish, the fur ther I go in the "physical", the more I in crease the un-man ifest "spiritual" or the potential thereof.

It seems to me futile or atbestinefficienttoapproach spirituality by pretending or wishing to be spiritual.

This same student who got me ruminating in this vein continued to the end of the course without missing even one day of training. On the last day she told me she would be signing up for the next course as well. I was naturally pleased, but was afraid to ask her why, figuring she would probably say that the time of the day on which the course was held was convenient for her. Having heeded the words of my wife, I had n't added any gi-balls or candles or walkie-feelies to the course, I'd just tried to get across to my students that everything was there, waiting for the day when their diligence and openness would make them ready to accept it. I ventured something to that effect, hoping these might

con stitute wise parting words which they could take with them into the summer, and one brave soul responded: "Yeah, but I want to feel the qien ergy tin gling in my tantien. When do we learn that stuff?"

I had some questions in answer to that one, but I didn't want to spoil their summer holidays. Maybe I'll try out those questions when we all gather again in the autumn.

Ron Beier is the WTBA Representative in Germany.

A Bagua Experience

Klaus Baltzer: Germany

Erle, I m happy to share with you what came over to me (never wished it) thru BaGuaZhang.

Sometimes life is hard

Since I knew that my wife will die; I fled with her and my son



into the mountains. I live in a beautiful natural environment. I worked at my home office, did supporting my wife, an enjoying the days.

And for each day 1-2 hours of playing Bagwa. At all weather, snow, ice, wind etc. My thoughts always focusing

on the beauty of the techniques, trying to get better, knew and no ticed the postive effects of BaGuaZhang on my physical condition.

My wife died February 2002, I was very very sad. How ever after 2-3 weeks Istartet try ing to live as normal as possible again. Even after 4 weeks of her death, when driv ing my car saw her sitting on my right side.

I trained now all ways in a way or mindset that I tell my self: if thoughts arise in me, they flow away like the clouds in the wind.

This spring I built my Wooden Bagwa-Circle and practiced, 3-6 hours each day.

At the end I concentrated more on the names of the postures and the translation in my language.

I watched regularly (1CD each day) your BAGWA TO MAX DVDs (Circle-form) and the BAGWA Es sen tials 1 and 2 again and again.

From where is this picture? It changed my life completely (al ways when I remem ber this the same experience!).

I recognized your saying "A snake never poison it self" somewhere in your videos, I understood that rationally howevernothinghappened.

Last week I watched a Bagwa video, some one walking the circle, with Nr.3 Palm "The Dragon Wandering around", I thought rationally the name fits, not anything else.

Last Friday Morning -sitting in my bed. Suddenly with a feeling of the warmth and coldness both at the same time, and an enormous joy an a lot of tears I recognized that I'm the wan dering Dragon.

The rain (tears) washed (my)the wounds of the dragon, he stands up stretches its legs and wings (Bagwa-playing) and dances (being happy).

And the second picture: **Dragon** (snake) **does not poison itself** (the bad thoughts are gone - I know this is from your video somewhere). It's also a feel ing that something Power inside me wanting to break out.

At the same Friday there was a last rear up of the winter, having stormy weather all day long, even snow and a temperature of about 0 C

(=-32 F). Next day the real summer was here having sun an temperature of about 16 C.

From where is this pic ture? It changed my life completely (always when I remember this the same experience!).

I swim with my car in the Motor traffic, get not excited not wanting to race (like I did be fore). I smile to peo ple I understand met and them deeper as never before. I made some days off, visiting people and sharing my joy (but did not telling them what hap pened to me however telling them the story of the dragon if I meant this could help them) I never had such a deep experience (opposit of the feel ings when my wife died? BaGua the Art of Change or opposites?), lasting for such a long time, hope it never stops.

Thank you very much for producing your Videos and sharing your knowledge with it, and please keep on doing. This fantastic powerful art should never disappear.

This is my real story and I'm very happy about the Change. Dragons are very sel dom. If you have a similar story like this - let us col lect it somewhere.

The wandering Dragon leaves his cave and flies away :-)

HARD QIGONG

From Sherif Abdelnaser Egypt.

I got an other one of those < hard qigong> meditations:

- 1. Do the previous relaxation method in the first email which was briefly breath ing in and be like fill ing the hole body with air and breath ing out and have the body just drop more and more in each ex hale un til your body feels like it stuk to the place your ly ing on or sit ting on.
- 2. On the in breath its like your fill ing your hole body with the white color, don't do like your painting your body white! But like if the color it self were like something filling your body, bone, mus cle, and skin.
- 3. On the out breath be like your ex pel ling some thing black out of your body.
- 4. The breath ing is like in breath your push ing the air down using your diaphragm to the tantien area and on the out breath it'll be like your pull ing out the air form the dantian using also the diaphragm.

Street self-defence: The paradigms of coping with street encounters

Gunther Vanwesemael: Belgium

If one day you will be confronted with an aggressive situ a tion or a per son who cre ates an aggressive situation, you should always remember in street self-defence, or street fight ing if you like, there is no such thing as a free lunch. You have only one chance, so never ever be indecisive or hesitate. In or der to gain that pre oc cupa tion, use what ever you consider use ful to knock out your opponent. Thus, in street fighting there are no rules at all.

Psychologically, in the street animal behaviourism reigns, people prefer to behave using certain (animal) rituals, for it is much more convenient (in society for normal people or in a peer group for criminals). Hence, understanding the fundamentals of human behaviour you are entering the world of dealing more easily with street encounters. Moreover, you will survive!

Most important, as animals, people do not like to be hurt. The aggressor, acting alone or in a group, will not immediately attack, but will use his per ception of the person, i.e. a potential victim; the aggressor is look ing for sig nals of weakness. Even a fight in the café

does not oc cur with out an inci dent, a causal re ac tion which can start with eyeballing: ritual behaviour.

Additionally, your behaviour and his behaviour or reaction upon a sit u a tion is function of the person and the environment. In other words, if you act or even look like a (potential) victim you yourself are creating an opportunity for mob sters to take (rob) you as a vic tim. For in stance, if you like to drink, never walk down the street being drunk: that is creating an opportunity - you're easy prey.

As a matter of fact, street encounters are quite uncomplicated; they are mainly based upon stimulus and response. And they should be simple, for hu mans be have and think simply as well, it's much easier.

I would like to consider three paradigms which ought to allow you for not becoming prey or a victim. Consideration at any time does n't mean declining personal happiness. In fact, it in creases the well-being and safety of your life.

The first paradigm when you get out "minding your own busi ness" is to be aware, es pecially of the environment (which includes persons). Look around you and ask yourself what do I see - look for po ten tial dan ger. Seeing is know ing: if you see a group of youngsters in a dark alley and you feel a little awkward then leave. Don't hesi tate and wonder about how beautiful and peaceful life is. Reality is that death might watch you. Reed the newspapers and don't go walking in dangerous areas. You can have all the training you want, you never match a bullet flying towards you. Maybe you can fight sim i lar to John L. Sullivan or Jack Demp sey, but you'd better not try your luck in the street, where there are no rules at all and no referee ringing a bell. Being aware complements with knowing yourself: your limitations and your strength. No need for telling you to train the mind as well as the body. The goal of your training must al ways be **balance** in mind and body. Remind the old yin and yang principle in taiji.

When the (your) surroundings have been determined and you are now at least prepared, the next re flection is to have an intention. This intention is the willingness to kill, i.e. to de fend your life and the life of your be loved ones. Willingness signifies controlling the situation. In other words, it is a cop ing strat egy and amplifies a positive outcome. This willingness reflects not only a mental or internal state

of the per son (a men tal set); it also ap pears in the physical appearance. And, I don't mean to build muscles (as in pumping iron); I mean to look confident and to let the eyes speak.

Obviously, the aggressor also has an intention: to rob you or even worse. That's why you don't want to give him an opportunity.

If you did foresee the aggressive act and you still couldn't prevent it from happening, you only have one op tion left: to strike, without hesitation. You need to be ready in a split second and strike as hard as you can (be efficient) and strike con tin u ous un til the aggres sor is out of ac tion (be effective). Efficient striking depicts moving the entire body - not just striking with the hand, use your full body. Effective striking illustrates the goal of finishing the aggressor.

In his mind (or mind-set), the aggressor does not anticipates that you re-act physically (striking). He expects you to freeze (physically and emotionally). Nonetheless, you will be stressed, as adrenaline will occur and you must deal with it. You must understand the ramifications of adrenaline and its reactions on the body: if you react too slowly, you will freeze. Therefore: don't hes i tate at all. You might ad ditionally determine the increase of adrenaline as fear (trembling of the legs), which is quite nor mal (cf. fight or flight response), so, again: no hesitation is allowed. Use your knowledge to your benefit!

Conclusion: in daily life all you ever need is awareness, willingness and readiness. These paradigms are interdepen dent and cause you to have the power and the knowledge to make things hap pen or not instead of letting things happen to you.

Vanwesemael Gunther Law Enforce ment Officer Anti-Aggression Team Brussels Police Force - Bel gium

Review of May West London Workshop with Russell Morgan and Ross Lardner

Russell and Ross held a sinking workshop for their students in Chiswick, West London. 23 of us gath ered in the local community centre and spent a happy four hours reviewing the basics. After three years of learning the form it was an eye opener to have corrections right from the first move.

Whilst we were all learning more advanced ver sions of the moves or corrections to our basic form we also were learning to finish the moves and sink ing at the end.

Attaining the state of "sung" through the form is difficult. Focusing on sink ing at the be gin ning and end of every move makes a difference. As an example let's review Single Whip from the end of Fishes in Eight. To pick the left foot up: sink and close up the C spine this lifts the foot. Turn and sink to place the foot. As the weight moves forward sink into the left heel. Three times to think about sink ing in one move!

Whilst this is definitely the beginners form and learning it "square" is one step on the path to enlightenment, it was amazing to no tice the difference in the feeling of the moves.

Crispin White UK

The use of taiji and qigong in physical therapy

Tomas Waldegren, Sweden

Being both physical therapist and martial artist one inevitable tries to combine the two. This goes both ways. The way of the physiotherapist is to analyse move ment, to try to understand and feel how and where the movement takes place. This benefits me, and sometimes, when I do not explain too much, it ben e fits my students.

this can only be taught if the patient is genuinely interested, and if not, which is usually the case, basic exercises are taught instead.

Being a physiotherapist also means that I have patients, people in need of physical rehabilitation. The difference between the average patient and the average student is that the student usually can be goaded into doing an exercise because it teaches you something use ful, while the average patient want an exercise that gives maximum, quick result with the least amount of effort. Naturally, the average patient is not interested in the long-term ef fects oftaiji, but is rather fo cused on being able to go back to the previous lifestyle that per son had lived.

In university we were introduced to a simplified version of taiji that could be taught rather easily to patients. In vestigations on similar methods shows that elderly people fall less of ten and take more so cial in ter est when do ingtaiji.

Taiji could also be used for back problems because of the focus of a vertical spine and how the waist muscles are working. This naturally includes sin gle push hands.

Unfortunately this can only be taught if the pa tient is genuinely interested, and if not, which is usu ally the case, ba sic exercises are taught in stead.

There are two major fall downs with the Yang Lu'Chan form when it comes to re habilitation:

1. The fa-jing.

2.It is somewhat difficult to learn.

The first point is easy to amend, just don't do the fa-jing!

The second one is the problem.

In my opin ion, the true value of taiji comes when you put the waist- and hip-muscles in to play, that means the Hao Chuan level of train ing.

Teaching some thing less than this, in the knowl edge that the per son will not try to progress, is not very satisfying.

For me, this prob lem has been solved in another way. Not willing to dilute taiji I try to find qigong exercises that "stands on their own", that is, that can be done separately rather than being an integrated part in a spe cific form.

The post exercises, for example, can be integrated in programs for knee and ankle rehabilitation with very good results.

I have found that the qide veloping qigong from taiji (double p'eng in to pull down) can be used as a part of a reg i ment for lower extremity problems as well as shoul der gir dle problems.

Actually, the list goes on.

I tend to mix ba sic strength ening ex er cises with taiji/qigong methods that teaches body/mind-coordination for the best result (like the gigongs as so ci ated with the 12 short dim mak forms). One rea son for this is that it ac tu ally seems to work best this way, another reason is that it is the only le gal ap proach for a physiotherapist in Sweden where the law for bids us to use al ternative therapies but allows an integration.

This integration is only accepted if west ern med i cal theory can explain the effect.

For physiotherapistsat large, taiji is less pop u lar than it was ten years ago and qigong has taken its place.

The uprising of "medical qigong" has led to the situation where op por tun ists make up their own forms based on (and this is an actual quote!) "the movements that felt best and those that looked most graceful" an sell them to the medicalsociety.

Here is a shame ful at ti tude on be half of west ern trained therapists.

We (as a group) tend to look downonal ternative ther a pists be cause (frankly) too many of them still lack proper training. But at the same time it is accepted to go a "qigong instructor course" in less than two weeks while an tra di tional organization usually demands at least two years experience and ba sic training in TCM.

This has led to, just as what hap pened to taiji, that qi gong in many cases is degenerated to slow-moving Chinese-inspired relaxation movements lacking all but relaxed breathing and slow, graceful movements.

For modern man this is enough to give positive benefits like improved health, but does not give the deeper effects on the body that proper qi gong does.

Taiji and qigong does have a place in physical therapy, both the extremely simplified methods and the classical methods.

The patient/student will gain in proportion to the effect of the method presented to him/her.

And al though all will not learn how to fight or what qi can be, most will have a pos i tive ex perience.

Personally I tend to frown on simplified methods where effort is no longer needed but hey, I might be wrong on that one.

Tomas Waldegren Physiotherapist Instructor WTBA Sweden

Modified Simplified Forms

Why you should NOT do any shortened or modified forms of Taijiquan!

No, you should give up the shortened form immediately as it will eventually damage your body and mind!

The masters of old were genius and they in vented a set of movements which emulated the Qi flow in a 24 hour period. In fact during practice of an original form (not a shortened ver sion), we cause the Qi flow to be activated three more times, hence it's great health giving nature. If we were to then leave out postures or change others to different places in the form, the Qi is being activated in all the wrong places to the flow is broken. And it is broken and changed Qi flows in the body that allows illness to slowly come in!

The fa-jing (explosiveenergy) movements of the Old Yang System provide outlets for Yang Qi that builds up dur ing practice. This is very important as building up too much Yang Qi (by doing all slow move ments) then goes in to its opposite of Yin, thus causing 'Yin Dullness' which is what many of the old Chinese masters who only ever did the all slow form died of! So we need

those energy release points. However, having said that, if for in stance an older per son or someone who is ill learns the all slow moving form, this will only ben e fit him or her as their body is probably too stiff to begin with. The dangers only come when we are pro gressing with our form train ing and everything that is supposed to hap pen be gins to hap pen. This is the time to then go into the Older Yang Style with its energy re lease points.

Having said all of that, shortened forms are not going to do much damage when taught merely as a set of relaxingmovements!

Having said all of that, shortened forms are not go ing to do much damage when taught merely as a set of relaxing movements! For instance where a group of older cit i zens is tak ing Tai Chi for their general health and for some easy exercise etc.

The problems come when peo ple get hooked on Tai Chi (and they do!) and wish to take it fur ther to ad vanced levels of Qi flow and management. Now, it is im per a tive to learn one of the original forms with out any changes.

But why not teach the Yang Cheng-fu form to be gin with? Why give a form to someone that has been modified and therefore inferior when the Yang Cheng-fu form was invented solely so that the elderly and sick people could learn Tai Chi and gain some of the great healing benefits that this wonder ful art has to of fer.

In modern times when many people see a quick buck in teaching Tai Chi, they learn the simplest and quickest Tai Chi in order to get out there and start earning money, but in doing so do not realize nor do they care that they co7uld be doing dam age to their students in the long term.

We have two great original styles of Tai Chi. And anyone no mat ter what state of health (pro vided that they can move) or what age can learn one of these to gain much better health, or take it to its higher levels of self defense and medical healing.

You do not have to learn an inferior unhealthy 'style' of Tai Chi as you have everything you need in the Original Styles.

In the search of healing arts – Reiki

Tomas Waldegren: Swe den

All mar tial art ists are taught that the heal ing arts tra di tionally were taught to fighters. Most classical systems of kung fu for ex am ple had some healing meth ods in them.

More so are internal martial artists, usually the fighting form also is the healing form al though that is not al ways the case.

For myself it was the healing art that took me from ex ter nal to internal in -94, and the fighting art (Erle's two first Dim Mak books) that made me change to Yang Lu'Chan style in -95.

Parallel to this I started to practice qi gong, to be more pre cise, I spent a few years going through the major so called medical qi gong-styles active in Sweden, looking for the one style that would make me a proficient healer. Well, I found one, but that is an other story.

But in this search I started to come across the method called Reiki.

Reiki is a method of lay ing on hands, thus transferring energy. When done properly you will act like a channel for the en ergy and very lit tle or nothing at all will come from you, thus one's own supply of energy is not depleted when treating others. It is usually taught as an non-religious method although there are hints to a Christian background as well as Buddhist. Many Reiki Masters are actually teaching a Theosofist version.

This method sounded interesting to me, and yes, after the first weekend I felt the energy going through me and into my clients.

This method sounded interesting to me, and yes, after the first week end I felt the en ergy going through me and into my clients.

How effective the method is as a treatment modality is beyond the focus of my writing today, I will instead speak of the system.

Reiki is normally divided in three lev els, level one and two usu ally taught in one week end each, level three (called the master level) is sometimes taught in one weekend but usu ally in four-five spread over maybe a year.

In each level there is an ini ti ation that opens up the sys tem, and some symbols are im-

planted in the person.

The level of in for mation given out var ies but it is not un usual for level one-practitio ners going away from a week end having no more true information than the recommended hand positions for the basic treatment. Level two teaches distance healing and the use of symbols in healing.

The mas ter level teaches ad ditional sym bols, how to do the actual initiations, and some additional ways to treat clients.

(A note. The serious student of in ter nal arts might ask how long time it takes to be come a Reiki Master. The answer is: You can go from total beginner to R.M. in less than one year if you have an available teacher and enough money.)

The lack of in for mation about the substance of the system made me realise, as so many other doing Reiki has done, that a huge amount of information had been lost in the way from Ja pan – USA – Sweden, and I started to do some re search on my own. The conclu sion of my studier led me to the be lief that Reiki pri mary is a meditative system based on Buddhist mystic experiences, which, naturally, since humans have reasonable similar minds, parallels what Christian and Mus lim mys tics has been ex periencing the past two millennia. The healing effect is secondary to the potential religious path you are set upon when en gaging in Reiki.

Many, if not all, spir i tual paths from the east have as their central teaching that one shall be freed from de lu sion.

Unfortunately, that is not the case with a high per cent age of the Reiki practitioners I have met the last years. The idea that "since I have got Reiki I have no use of any other method" is quite prevalent. I have met a man saying that since he became a Reiki Master he no longer had to do his qi gong be cause ev ery time he treated an other pa tient he also treated him self.

I find that kind of thinking "interesting", like finding matches in the hands of a small child.

Or per haps I just lack faith! Personally, I do taiji, qigong and Reiki meditations.

Taiji because it is the best method I have ever experienced to unite the mind and body, and of cause because of the fighting training.

Medical qi gong be cause practising a method with the fo cus of making you a healer does make a difference.

Reiki meditations because they give a glimpse of a spiritual break through, although I must admit that at this moment of time this is not im portant to me and I tend to spend most on my training on getting the basics correct. There is time for the spiritual path later on when the baser functions of the bodymind are working optimal. For you non-swedish speakers: Sorry, but do you know how te dious it is to trans late a book?

Many, if not all, spiritual paths from the east have as their central teaching that one shall be freed from de lusion.

After nine years training in the internal arts I have found out that there are only two shortcuts that actually works:

1) Doing a clas si cal style un der a competent teacher.

2) Putting in a lot of time both on the physical part and parallel with that study the theory that ex plains the method.

Every thing else seems to be an illusion, or perhaps, delusion.

As most of you that reads this magazine already know, nine years is a short time practic ing, and with accumulated experience more knowledge will come.

Un til then, have a great life.

For you who would like to study the different aspects of Reiki including the religious part, my book on the subject might be published in Swedish as soon as I can per suade a publisher that it is worth the effort.

Scientific Proof for Eating Apples

I have been tell ing peo ple for years that an ap ple a day re ally does keep the Dr., away!

So it is nice to re ceive some evidence as follows.

The photochemicals in fresh apples could play an important role in the fight against can cer, ac cording to research published in "Na ture" (2000, 405, 903).

A team of researchers led by Rui Hai Liu at Cornell Univer sity, USA re ported that the antioxidant activity of fresh apples is primarily due to the high concentration of particular phytochemicals, namely flavonoids and phe no lic acids, con tained in the fruit.

The proven antioxidant and possible antican ceractivity of Vitamin C means that it is a popular dietry supplement, despite studies showing that a high dose (500 mg) may act as a pro-oxidant in the body. The team of researchers has discovered that 100g of fresh apples has an antioxidant activity equivalent to that of 1.5g of Vitamin C.

Rui and co-workers were able to extract phenolic acids and flavonoids from fresh red de licious apples, finding particularly high concentrations of the compounds in the not peeled fruit.

They measured the total antioxidant activity of the apples, by carrying out a to tal anti ox idant scavenging capacity (TOSC) assay and found that apples with skin had a higher TOSC value than those without. By comparing the total antioxidant activity of the unpeeled apples (83.3 TOSC) with that of the average level of Vi ta min C found in the fruit (0.32 TOSC), the researchers concluded that almost all of the antioxidant activity in apples could be at trib uted to the photochemical.

The researchers then treated colon cancer and liver tumor cells with extracts of the Red Delicious apples

The researchers then treated colon cancer and liver tumor cells with extracts of the Red Delicious apples and found that the cell proliferation was inhibited, with the extracts of unpeeled apples being about 60 percent more efficient at halt ing cell growth than those of peeled apples.

The researchers suggest that the consumption of whole fruits, containing a mix ture of phytochemicals, may provide the antioxidant balance needed to quench reactive oxygen species.

As Rui says; 'eating fruits and vegetables is better than taking a vitamin pill. You can obtain enough antioxidants from food without worrying about toxicity'.